



D.B. Wilson CCR Landfill

Disposal of Coal Combustion Residuals (CCR) from Electric Utilities Final Rule CCR Landfill 2016 Annual Inspection Report

January 10, 2017

Prepared By:



Project ID: 160122C

Big Rivers Electric Corporation Disposal of Coal Combustion Residuals (CCR) from Electric Utilities Final Rule CCR Landfill 2016 Annual Inspection Report

CCR Landfill Information

Name: D.B. Wilson CCR Landfill

Operator: D.B. Wilson Generating Station

Address: 5663 State Route 85 West

Centertown, KY 42328

Qualified Professional Engineer

Name: David A. Lamb

Company: Associated Engineers, Inc.

Kentucky P.E. Number: 17822

Regulatory Applicability

Per 40 CFR §257.84(b), annual inspections by a qualified professional engineer must ensure that the design, construction, operation, and maintenance of the CCR landfill is consistent with recognized and generally accepted good engineering standards.

Annual inspections of any CCR landfill must include, at a minimum: (1) a review of available information regarding the status and condition of the CCR unit, including, but not limited to, files available in the operating record (e.g., the results of inspections by a qualified person, and results of previous annual inspections); and (2) a visual inspection of the CCR unit to identify signs of distress or malfunction of the CCR unit.

Additionally, following each annual inspection, the qualified professional engineer must prepare an inspection report which documents the following: (1) any changes in geometry of the structure since the previous annual inspection, (2) the approximate volume of CCR at the time of the inspection, (3) any appearances of an actual or potential structural weakness of the CCR unit, in addition to any existing conditions that are disrupting or have the potential to disrupt the operation and safety of the CCR unit; and (4) any other change(s) which may have affected the stability or operation of the CCR unit since the previous annual inspection.

Inspection Description

This is the second annual inspection report for the D.B. Wilson CCR Landfill pursuant to the Disposal of Coal Combustion Residuals (CCR) from Electric Utilities Final Rule which became effective April 17, 2015. The inspection was conducted on November 17, 2016 by Tim Brown P.E. and Matthew Lile of Associated Engineers, Inc. of Madisonville, Kentucky. Weekly (7-day) inspections conducted by Big Rivers Electric Corporation are kept in the facility operating record.

The inspection consisted of a visual assessment of the landfill and associated drainage control features; and began on the north side of the landfill. The inspection noted generally: areas of erosion, some extending from the top of the slope to the bottom; some bare areas and irregular grading; sparse vegetation on shaley cover areas; and longitudinal tracking from equipment. The upper bench and top areas had been recently covered and equipment tracking below these areas was prevalent. The top covered area contained some small depressions, and a slight lip that could block drainage was visible along the north edge.

The east side of the landfill is in various phases of soil cover and vegetation. Continuing around the corner from the north face, the northeast and central portions of the east face are mostly covered and vegetated with the upper benches having been most recently covered. Lower slopes along the north end of the east side (particularly the northeast corner) have considerable rills and gullies and are not vegetated. A drainage ditch has been developed at the slope toe to direct seepage towards the primary drainage ditch to the sediment control structure to the north. Newly vegetated areas support good grass stands but some rills were visible where soil appears thin or contains rocks. The southern portion of the east face is in various stages of being covered and is not vegetated. Generally, the east side of the landfill is stable where covered and vegetated but there are significant areas of erosion on upper slopes and benches in areas having poor, sparse or no vegetation; some seepage occurs along the lower slope and toe. It appears that recently covered areas have been seeded and mulched but considerable equipment tracking is visible on these areas. Many of the storm water collection box grates need to be adjusted to promote inflow and/or adjacent ground erosion needs to be repaired. There are several areas along the lower partial bench in the mid-section of the east slope where seepage from finished slopes has caused erosion extending downslope from the seeps. Current grading will allow ponding of water in some of the bench flowlines and in longitudinal depressions made by tractor and mower tires. Sediment and CCR material have accumulated around some of the storm water collection inlets. Some small animal burrowing and tracking are visible sporadically across the east landfill face. Some areas of erosion extend from the top of the slope to the slope bottom. Areas that were recently covered on the south end of the east slope have not been graded. An area of the landfill extending from the toe of the east face towards the power line corridor has been regraded to promote drainage. Sporadic small piles of rip rap are scattered along benches and at seep locations. An area of recently placed cover material on the upper bench

will block drainage from an adjacent area of uncovered CCR material and cause ponding of water on the bench and needs to be addressed.

The west side of the landfill is fairly well managed and temporary cover has been placed on a large part of the southern portion of this area. Where CCR material placement is active or placed material has not been covered, there are numerous rills. A berm constructed of CCR material runs along a portion of the west side to direct surface drainage to sediment control. Significant erosion is visible on covered out slopes adjacent to a sediment control structure located to the west.

The south face of the landfill is covered and vegetated. The vegetation is thin, the soil is rocky and erosion rills are present on the slope. The toe of the slope is bordered by a gravel access road to the south.

The majority of CCR material placement was visible on the central (current top) and west side of the landfill.

Inspection Report Specifications

(i) CCR Landfill Geometry

The D.B. Wilson CCR Landfill is used for the placement of coal combustion residual material; currently fly ash, bottom ash and related material. The landfill is raised above adjacent ground to a maximum elevation of approximately 525 feet above mean sea level. The original ground surface within the landfill footprint was irregular and the predominant features were the headwaters of Elk Creek and small stream valleys draining south. Other small tributaries drained west towards the Green River and north towards the Rough River.

Changes to the landfill geometry since the previous (2015) annual inspection include regrading along the toe of the east slope of the landfill to promote drainage; and the continued placement of additional CCR and cover material on the landfill.

(ii) CCR Landfill Volume

The total volume of CCR material contained in the D.B. Wilson CCR Landfill at the time of inspection is approximately 2.2 million cubic yards. This volume was calculated from available flight derived baseline topography compared to October 2016 flight derived topographic contours.

(iii) CCR Landfill Structural, Operational, and Safety Items

Noted Deficiencies

- 1. Some saturated areas occur along the east side of the landfill and may potentially contribute to instability of the slope toe.
- 2. An area of recently placed cover material on the upper bench will block drainage from an adjacent area of uncovered CCR material and cause ponding of water on the bench.

(iv) CCR Landfill Changes

A change to the D.B. Wilson CCR Landfill since the previous (2015) annual inspection that may have the potential to affect the stability or operation of the CCR unit is regrading along the toe of the east slope of the landfill to promote drainage. The slope at the time of inspection appeared stable.





IVERS ELECTRIC CORPORATION	Project Number:	16-0122C
	Date:	12/12/2016
D.B. Wilson CCR Landfill	Scale:	NOT TO SCALE
2016 Annual Inspection Aerial Photo	Drawn By:	A.E.I.

2740 North Main St. ● Madisonville, KY 42431 Phone: (270) 821-7732 ● Fax: (270) 821-7789 www.associatedengineers.com

BREC Final Rule CCR Landfill 2016 Annual Inspection Checklist

	Operator: D.B. Wilson Generating Station			Weather: Clear		
	CCR Landfill: D.B. Wilson			Temperature (Degrees F): 75 (average)		
	Date: November 17, 2016				Inspector/Qualified Person: Tim Brown P.E. & Matthew Lile (AEI)	
	STATUS			[2]		
	ITEM		YES NO N/A		OBSERVATIONS	
1	CONDITION OF INACTIVE AREA	ILS	110	14/74		
_	Access road deterioration (potholes, rutting, etc.)					
	Any erosion				Some surficial erosion/rills in cover material & perimeter ditch (north side)	
	Longitudinal cracks				Minimal surficial cracking from dry conditions	
	Transverse cracks				Minimal surficial cracking from dry conditions	
	77' 1 1				Some low areas in bench flowlines & ruts/ tracking from equipment &	
	Visual depressions			Ш	mower tires	
	Visual settlement					
	Bulging or slumping				Surficial scarp in cover material (east side second bench)	
	Any drainage features obstructed or damaged	\boxtimes			Catch basin grades/soil settlement around basins & flowline obstructions	
	Are drainage features flowing	\boxtimes				
	Is seepage present	\boxtimes			Some seepage present on east side toe and lower slopes/benches	
	Is seepage or discharge carrying sediment					
	Adequate vegetative cover		Some bare areas & invasive species monocultures			
	Are trees growing on the slope Are there any animal burrows					
	Are there any animal burrows				Sporadic small animal burrows; primarily rodent	
	Any stone deterioration			\boxtimes		
	Adequate riprap/slope protection			\boxtimes		
	Debris or trash present					
	Is there exposed CCR material				Isolated areas	
2	CONDITION OF ACTIVE AREA					
	Access road deterioration (potholes, rutting, etc.)					
	Any erosion					
	Any cracks					
	Any slides					
	Visual depressions				Minimal depressions due to incomplete grading	

		STATUS		JS		ODGEDVATIONG	
		YES	NO	N/A	4	OBSERVATIONS	
	Visual settlement						
	Bulging or slumping						
	Any drainage features obstructed or damaged]		
	Is seepage present		\boxtimes]		
	Is seepage or discharge carrying sediment		\boxtimes]		
	Debris or trash present		\boxtimes		<u>] </u>		
3	LINER AND LEACHATE COLLECTION SYSTEM						
	Are liners intact and being installed correctly			\geq	<u> </u>		
	Is the leachate collection operating correctly			\geq			
	Is the leachate collection pond/storage functioning correctly			\geq			
	Is there any slope/bank erosion on pond			\triangleright			
	Are there any animal burrows on pond			\triangleright			
	Is the spillway functioning and discharging correctly			\geq	<u>] </u>		
4	RUN-ON/RUNOFF-CONTROLS						
	Are run-on/runoff controls in place	\boxtimes			<u>] </u>		
	Are run-on/runoff controls functioning	\boxtimes			<u>] </u>		
	Are run-on/runoff controls effective	\boxtimes			<u>] </u>		
	Are run-on runoff controls being maintained	\boxtimes]		
	Signs of seepage or wetness	\boxtimes]		
	Sediment transport or deposition	\boxtimes]		
DE	FICIENCIES AND MAINTENANCE ITEMS						
 Some saturated areas occur along the east side of the landfill and may potentially contribute to instability of the slope toe. An area of recently placed cover material on the upper bench will block drainage from an adjacent area of uncovered CCR material and cause ponding of water on the bench. 							

Professional Engineer Certification [Per 40 CFR §257.84(b)] D.B. Wilson CCR Landfill Annual Inspections by a Qualified Professional Engineer

I hereby certify that myself or an agent under my review has prepared this Annual Inspection Report (Report), and being familiar with the provisions of the final rule to regulate the disposal of coal combustion residuals (CCR) as solid waste under subtitle D of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), attest that this Report has been prepared in accordance with good engineering practices and meets the intent of 40 CFR Part 257.84(b). To the best of my knowledge and belief, the information contained in this Report is true, complete, and accurate.

David A. Lamb P.E.

State of Kentucky License No. 17822

Date: / -//- Z017